

## Quadding examples

The following figures shows title followed by a justified paragraph (quad="justify"). The titles illustrate how the lastquad characteristic value affects the way Arbortext Editor builds lines of text. lastquad="relative" causes Arbortext Editor to fill each line with as many words as possible, which can leave a short last line. This is suitable for paragraphs. lastquad="left", on the other hand, results in lines of text that are not completely full, which is suitable for multi-line titles.

**NOTE:** This line-building also applies to center and right quadding. quad="center" lastquad="relative" and quad="right" lastquad="relative" are suitable for paragraphs, while quad="center" lastquad="center" and quad="right" lastquad="right" are suitable for multi-line titles.

**Figure 238** Quad="left" lquad="relative"



**Figure 239** Quad="left" lquad="left"



Asis quadding is illustrated in the next example. The graphic shows DocBook's <programlisting> element with tabs, spaces, and new lines displayed as characters in the Edit window (as discussed in **Quadding-related ACL** above). On the third line, the tab, space, and newline characters are highlighted in gray.