Solving for Quantities with Different Units

You may use solve blocks to solve for quantities of unlike units, but you must structure the output in a particular way. This example determines the velocity of flow through a straight length of pipe.

$$\begin{split} \rho &:= 62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3} & D &:= 1 in \\ \Delta P &:= 10 \frac{lbf}{in^2} & \Delta L &:= 100 ft \\ \end{split} \quad \begin{aligned} \mu &:= 6.72 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{lb}{ft \cdot s} \\ gc &:= 32.174 lb \frac{ft}{lbf \cdot s^2} \end{aligned}$$

Guess values for unknowns

$$f := 1 \times 10^{-3}$$
 $v := 10 \frac{ft}{s}$ $NRe := 1 \times 10^{4}$

Given

$$NRe = \frac{\rho \cdot v \cdot D}{\mu} \qquad \frac{\Delta P}{\rho} = 4 \cdot f \cdot \frac{v^2 \cdot \Delta L}{2 \cdot D \cdot gc}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{2}}} = 2.5 \cdot ln \left(NRe \cdot \sqrt{\frac{f}{8}} \right) + 1.75$$

$$vsol \\ fsol \\ NResol$$
:= Find(v, f, NRe)

Mathcad cannot store values with different dimensions in a single array. When solving simultaneously for variables with different units, assign the results of the **Find** statement to individual variables by enclosing them in a vector, but do not evaluate the vector as a whole. The first value in the **Find** argument list will be stored in the first element name in the vector on the left hand side, et cetera.

$$vsol = 2.406 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$fsol = 4.966 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$NResol = 6.108 \times 10^{4}$$

$$vsol$$

$$fsol$$

$$NResol$$

$$NResol$$