

2-Presentation Pages

- a) $f(x) \rightarrow x^4 + 2 \cdot x^3 - 36 \cdot x^2$ I reduced these the way I want.

$$p(x) \rightarrow (x+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

- b)

$X_i =$	$f(X_i) =$	$Lf(X_i, a) =$
1.5	-69.1875	-68
1.55	-73.27024375	-72.4
1.6	-77.4144	-76.8
1.65	-81.61374375	-81.2
1.7	-85.8619	-85.6
1.75	-90.15234375	-90
1.8	-94.4784	-94.4
1.85	-98.83324375	-98.8
1.9	-103.2099	-103.2
1.95	-107.60124375	-107.6
2	-112	-112
2.05	-116.39874375	-116.4
2.1	-120.7899	-120.8
2.15	-125.16574375	-125.2
2.2	-129.5184	-129.6
2.25	-133.83984375	-134
2.3	-138.1219	-138.4
2.35	-142.35624375	-142.8
2.4	-146.5344	-147.2
2.45	-150.64774375	-151.6
2.5	-154.6875	-156

I need to make these numbers smaller, like the ones above in the function. It would help to make the frames thinner too.