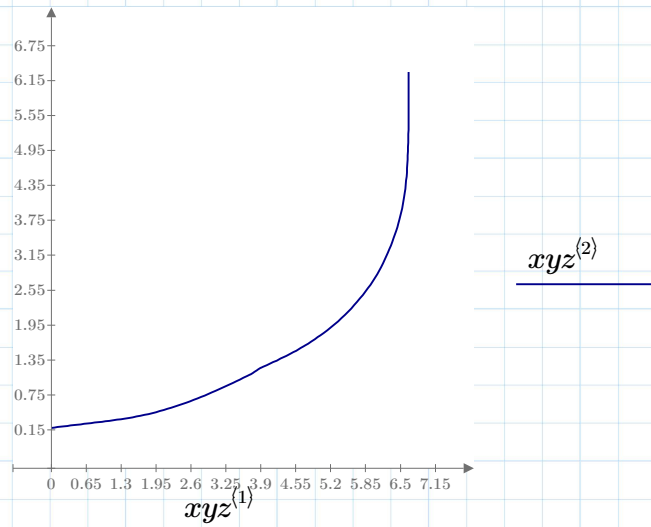


Read in the station line of the vessel. $xyz<0>$ is longitudinal, $xyz<1>$ is lateral, $xyz<2>$ is vertical.

$xyz := \text{READPRN}(\text{".\XYZ.prn"})$ Plot the section



Calculate for the station the area (x_2 as only one half defined) for waterline depth of 3.8

$$\int_{(xyz^{(2)})_0}^{3.8} \text{linterp}(xyz^{(2)}, xyz^{(1)}, y) dy \cdot 2 = 34.36 \quad \text{Area to waterline}$$

Calculate the vertical cg at this station above the keel line at zero.

$$\frac{\int_{(xyz^{(2)})_0}^{3.8} \text{linterp}(xyz^{(2)}, xyz^{(1)}, y) \cdot y dy}{\int_{(xyz^{(2)})_0}^{3.8} \text{linterp}(xyz^{(2)}, xyz^{(1)}, y) dy} + (xyz^{(2)})_0 = 2.51 \quad \text{Centroid above Keel}$$

Use linear interpolation at each station to allow for changes of direction at chines.
Use spline interpolation along the vessel to be smooth. Create the spline then interpret it in the integration just like the linterp above.