

•1–33. The bar has a cross-sectional area A and is subjected to the axial load P. Determine the average normal and average shear stresses acting over the shaded section, which is oriented at  $\theta$  from the horizontal. Plot the variation of these stresses as a function of  $\theta$  ( $0 \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ ).

## Equations of Equilibrium:

$$\searrow + \Sigma F_x = 0;$$
  $V - P \cos \theta = 0$   $V = P \cos \theta$ 

$$\nearrow + \Sigma F_{v} = 0;$$
  $N - P \sin \theta = 0$   $N = P \sin \theta$ 

Average Normal Stress and Shear Stress: Area at  $\theta$  plane,  $A' = \frac{A}{\sin \theta}$ 

$$\sigma = \frac{N}{A'} = \frac{P\sin\theta}{\frac{A}{\sin\theta}} = \frac{P}{A}\sin^2\theta$$

$$\tau_{\rm avg} = \frac{V}{A'} = \frac{P\cos\theta}{\frac{A}{\sin\theta}}$$

$$= \frac{P}{A}\sin\theta\cos\theta = \frac{P}{2A}\sin 2\theta$$

## hibbeler sterkteleer 8th, opgave 1-33 (page 38)

P 15 **N** 

 $\theta$  deg

A 100 mm

$$\sigma(\theta) = \frac{P \sin \theta}{\frac{A}{\sin \theta}}$$

 $\theta = (30 \ deg)$ 

 $\theta$  90 deg,85 deg..0 deg

 $\theta = 1$ 

