



Creating Simple Windchill Admin Tools Using Info*Engine

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The Engineering Services Contract (ESC) at Kennedy Space Center provides services to NASA for the design and development of flight and ground systems in support of manned space flight. The ESC process support team provides for efficient optimized design and development processes through development, configuration, and implementation of software tools, training, documentation and standards. The team supports over 200 engineers and design specialists using Windchill, Pro-E, NX, AutoCAD, and other design and analysis tools.



- Common Business Needs
- The Info*Engine and JSP Solution
- Process Overview
- Creating Info* Engine Tasks
- Creating JSP Pages
- Resources and Help

- **Getting Information Out of Windchill**
 - Generate reports
 - Export Windchill object information automatically to a third party application
 - Query Windchill for information and return it in a webpage
 - Create a simple webpage for non-technical users to perform specific actions
- **Creating, Updating, or Performing Actions on Many Objects At Once**
 - Duplicate or rename objects
 - Update object contents, attributes, lifecycle states, etc.
- **Performing Administrative Tasks**
 - Checkin or undo checkout all users' objects at once
 - Correct or update Windchill Object links
 - Change teams, domain polices, etc....



Function of Each Tool



- Info*Engine
 - Perform Windchill actions
- JSP Pages
 - Provide a web-based UI

Use Cases



- How can they be used?
 - Frequently or occasionally
 - Automated or manual

- Who can use them?
 - Windchill administrators
 - Specific groups
 - All users

KSC Developed Info*Engine Example

- Renaming many objects



Steps to Implement Info*Engine and JSP

1. Write Info*Engine Task (XML)
2. Add XML files to Windchill codebase
3. Write JSP page (HTML and JavaScript)
4. Add JSP files to Windchill codebase



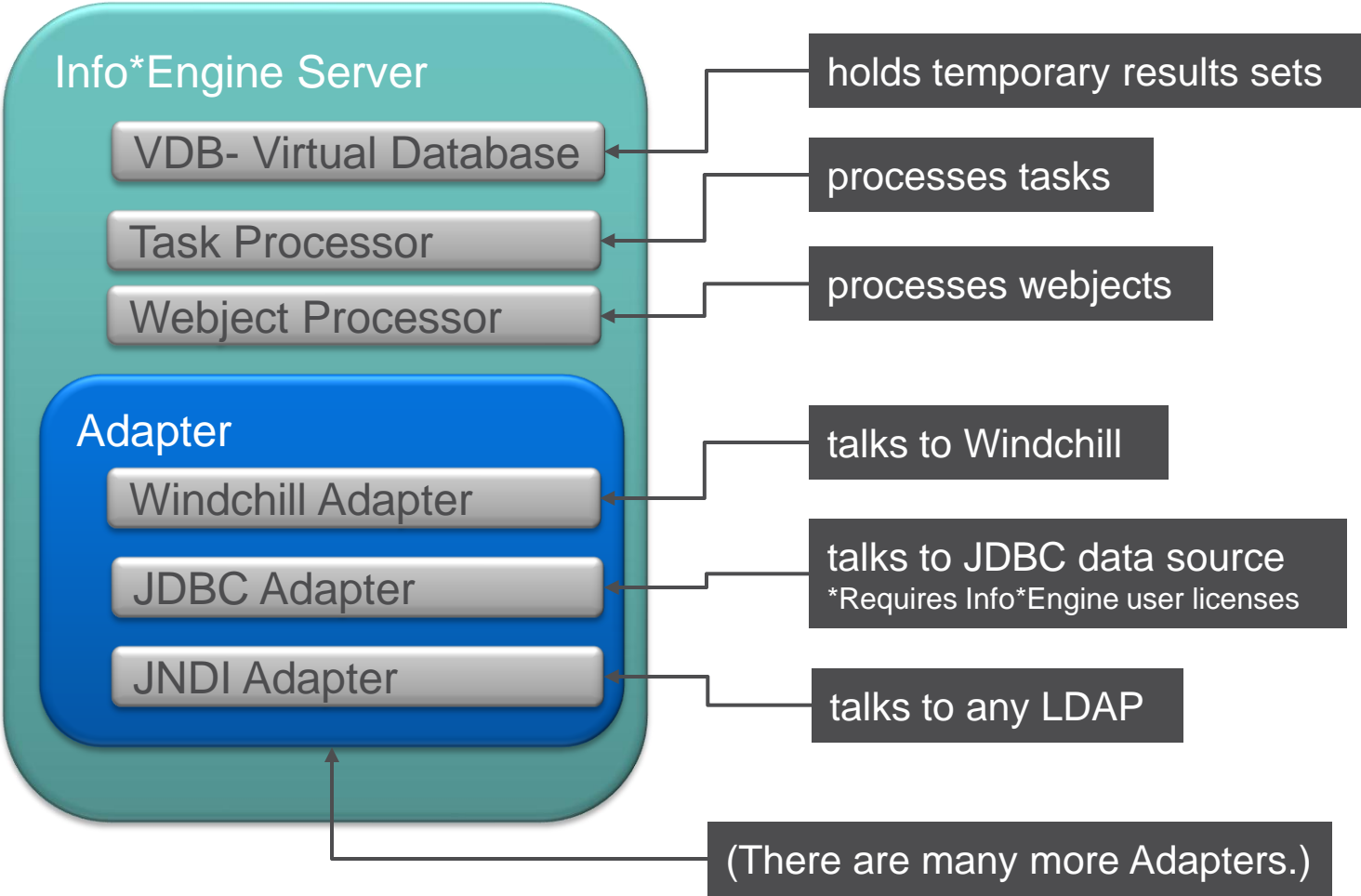
What is Info*Engine?

- Info*Engine - Provides a flexible, standard base foundation to automate specific tasks and transfers information to other third party applications. Info* Engine takes advantage of Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) with the support for SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) and WSDL (Web Service Definition Language). Info*Engine tasks are in written in XML and do not require experience with Java.
- Info*Engine is the glue or underlying foundation of Windchill

Additional Information

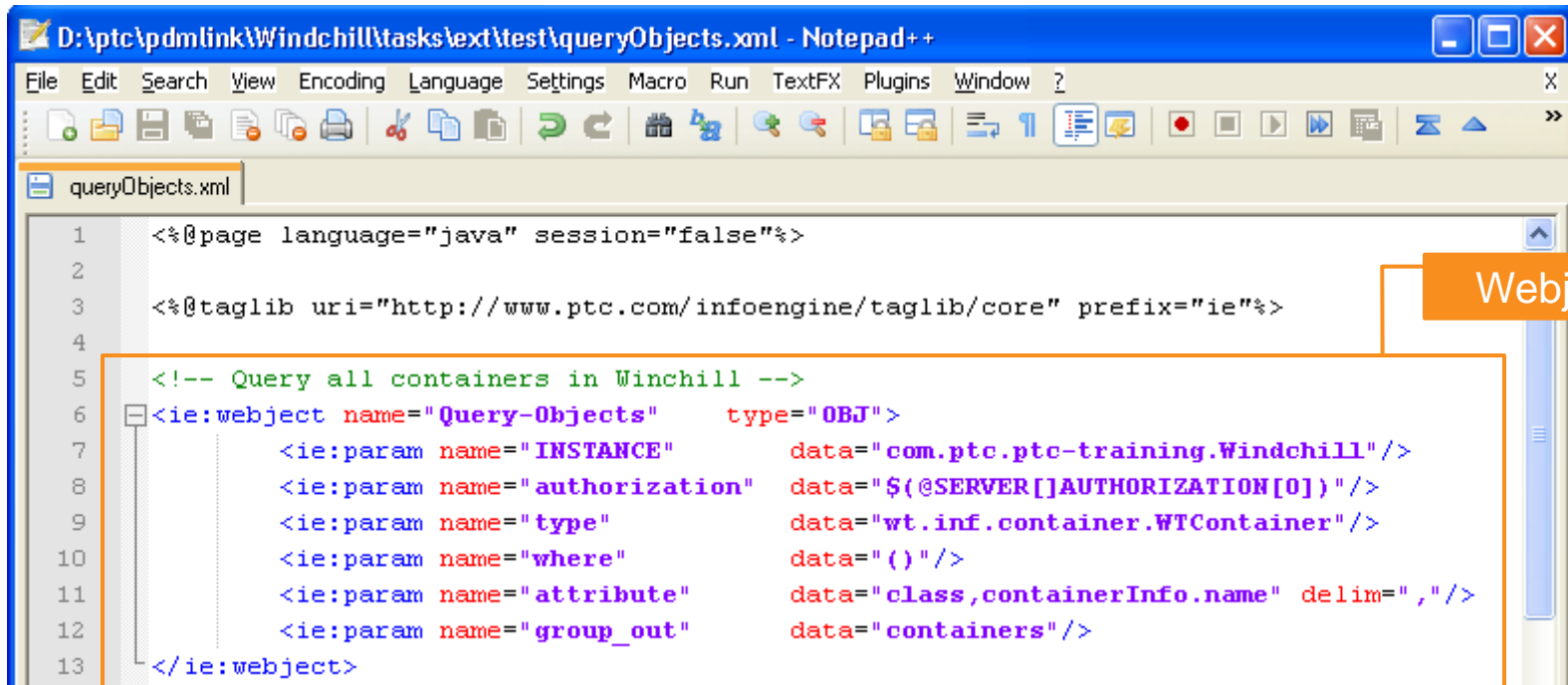
- Info*Engine is installed in every Windchill installation and is free to use within the PTC products.
- No additional licenses are required unless using Info*Engine to connect with third party applications.
- PTC supports Info*Engine
- Does not require a skilled programmer or Java experience
- Easy to implement

Info*Engine Architecture



Understanding Tasks and Webjects

- Info*Engine tasks are text-based xml files. They can control the retrieval and manipulation of data within the Info*Engine environment. Instead of developing a Java application or a JSP, a task can perform many of the same operations as Java applications can.
- A task includes Webjects to perform Windchill operations



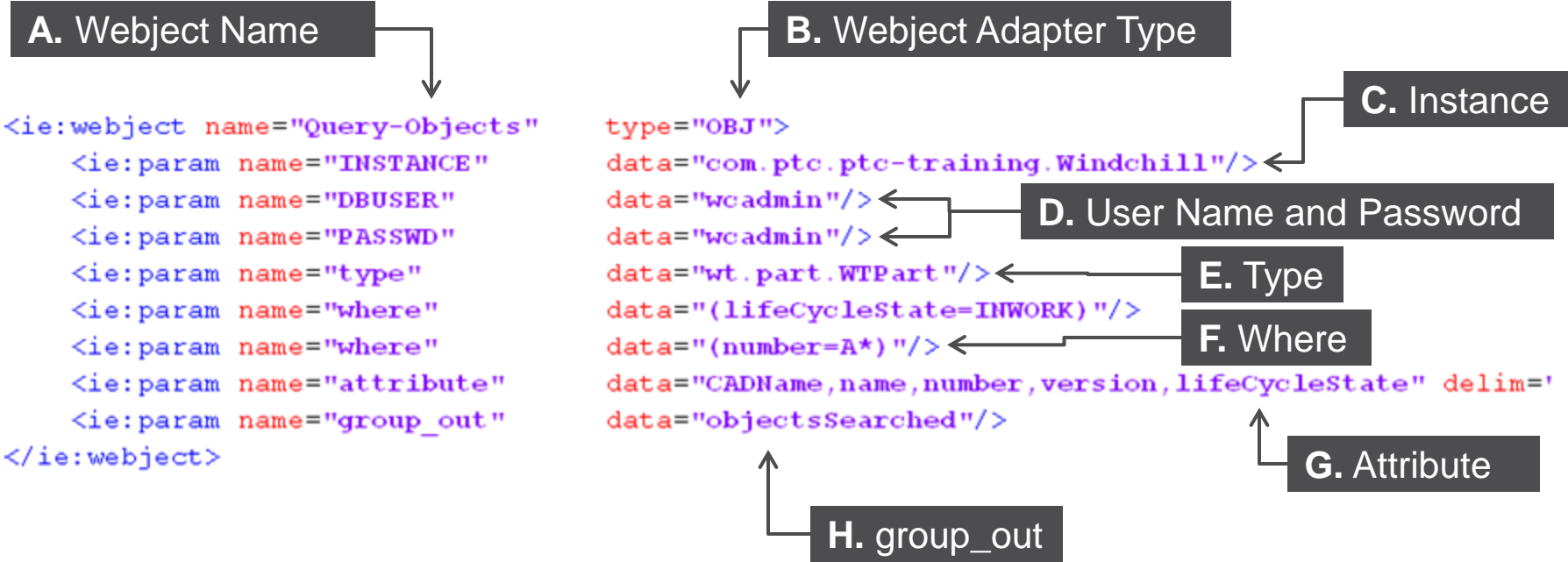
```
1 <%@page language="java" session="false"%>
2
3 <%@taglib uri="http://www.ptc.com/infoengine/taglib/core" prefix="ie"%>
4
5 <!-- Query all containers in Winchill -->
6 <ie:webject name="Query-Objects" type="OBJ">
7     <ie:param name="INSTANCE" data="com.ptc.ptc-training.Winchill"/>
8     <ie:param name="authorization" data="{@SERVER[JAUTHORIZATION[0] }"/>
9     <ie:param name="type" data="wt.inf.container.WTContainer"/>
10    <ie:param name="where" data="()"/>
11    <ie:param name="attribute" data="class,containerInfo.name delim=","/>
12    <ie:param name="group_out" data="containers"/>
13 </ie:webject>
```

Understanding Tasks and Webjects

- The Info*Task compiler parses Info*Engine tasks and produces Java classes. This improves the performance of executing tasks by eliminating the need to parse and interpret a task each time it is called. It also facilitates embedding tasks in standalone Java applications and JSP pages.
- The task compiler produces the executable Java classes in three basic steps:
 1. Parses task sources and generates Java code that implements the task.
 2. Calls a Java compiler to produce an executable class from the generated Java source.
 3. Calls a class loader to load and instantiate the classes produced by the Java compiler.

Structure of a Webject

- Webjects are the basic form to do most significant actions in Info*Engine. They are custom tag libs. Webjects supported by the Windchill adapter accept parameters that specify database user credentials and query criteria.



Webject Adapters

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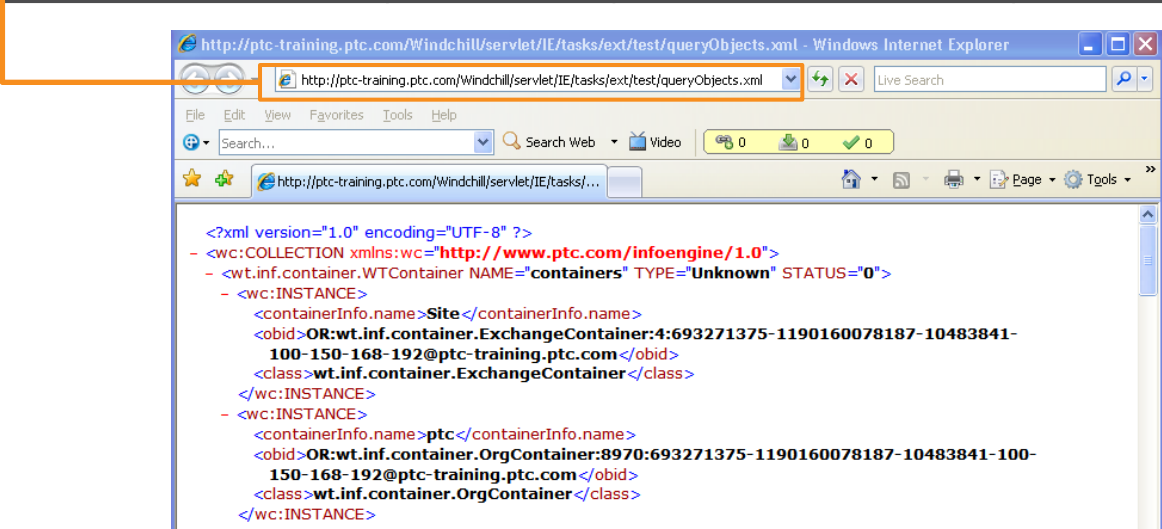
Most Common Types

Type	Webjects	Description
ACT	Action	Performs actions on data
OBJ	Object or Query	Query the system
GRP	Group	Manipulate Virtual Data Base (VDB)
DSP	Display	Use data in VDB to display in HTML. This cannot be used in a standalone task but can be used in a JSP.
IMG	IMG	Use data in VDB to create a JPEG image
MGT	Management	Perform special activates such as throwing exceptions or getting properties
WES	Web Event Service	Subscribe to and manipulate messaging topics
MSG	Messaging	Subscribe to and manipulate message queues
ADM	Administrative	Perform I*E admin tasks, such as reloading cached properties

Running a Info*Engine Task

- The output of an Info*Engine task is in the form of XML. When running a task from the browser, the URL must include the **host name** and application URL prefix specified where I*E was installed. It also includes the **/servlet/IE/tasks** prefix, which directs the servlet to the task processor. And specifying the path where the xml task is located.

Host Name	Prefix	Servlet Prefix	XML Path
http://ptc-training.ptc.com	/Windchill	/serverlet/IE/tasks	/Ext/test/queryObjects.xml



Demonstration of Info*Engine Task

- Update a objects attribute
- Modify Revisions of many CAD Document
- Updating Links between WTParts to CAD Documents.

What is a JSP?

- Java Server Pages (JSP) is a core technology of J2EE (the Java 2 Platform, Enterprise Edition) and solutions based upon EJB (Enterprise Java Beans).
- Info*Engine supports the development of enterprise custom Java applications and provides a JSP processor as an extension of the Info*Engine servlet engine. The JSP processor dynamically translates JSP pages into servlets.
- Usually, a JSP page is an HTML page with some additional JSP tags and some embedded Java code. However, inclusion of JSP tags or embedded Java is not mandatory, so a page containing only HTML is a legitimate JSP page.
- JSP pages that interact with Info*Engine usually contain a simple set of JSP tags and a set of custom Info*Engine tags that define the Webjects that are then executed when the page is accessed.

What is a JSP?

- JSP pages can include HTML, Java Classes, Java Scripts, Scriptlets, and Info*Engine code (Webjects).
- JSP pages are resided on a server
- A very simple example of a JSP page is shown below.

```
HTML>
<BODY>
<%
    //This is a scriptlet.
    System.out.println( "Evaluating date now" );
    java.util.Date date = new java.util.Date();
%>
Hello!  The time is now <%= date %>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Location of a Windchill JSP

- When Info*Engine is installed, the installer specifies an Info*Engine installation directory which determines where JSP pages must be stored. All Info*Engine JSP pages must reside under the codebase directory where Info*Engine is installed.
- All JSP pages are saved on the Windchill server at the below location.
- **<Windchill>\codebase\infoengine\jsp**

Executing a Windchill JSP

- The URL to execute a JSP page includes the host name and Windchill application URL with “infoengine/jsp/” and the path to the JSP page.

Example of executing a JSP page URL is below.

http://train.ptc.com/Windchill/infoengine/jsp/examples/My_Simple.jsp

When the file is executed, the Web Server passes the URL to the JSP processor.

Creating a Simple JSP

- There are many IDE that help develop JSP pages. Some examples are Coffe Cup, Eclipse, and Net Beans or a developer could use a good text editor like Notepad++.
- To the right is a simple JSP page with two Webjects.

Webjects

```
<%@page language="java" session="false"%>

<%@taglib uri="http://www.ptc.com/infoengine/taglib/core" prefix="ie"%>
<ie:getService varName="ieService"/>

<ie:webject name="Query-Objects" type="OBJ">
  <ie:param name="INSTANCE" data="com.ptc.ptc-training.Windchill"/>
  <ie:param name="authorization" data="{@SERVER[] AUTHORIZATION[0] }"/>
  <ie:param name="type" data="wt.part.WTPart"/>
  <ie:param name="where" data="(lifeCycleState=INWORK)"/>
  <ie:param name="where" data="(number=A*)"/>
  <ie:param name="attribute" data="CADName, name, number, version,
    lifeCycleState, checkoutInfo.state,
    containerName, type" delim=","/>
  <ie:param name="group_out" data="objectsSearched"/>
</ie:webject>

<ie:webject name="Sort-Group" type="GRP">
  <ie:param name="GROUP_IN" data="objectsSearched"/>
  <ie:param name="SORTEBY" data="name"/>
  <ie:param name="GROUP_OUT" data="objectsSearched"/>
</ie:webject>

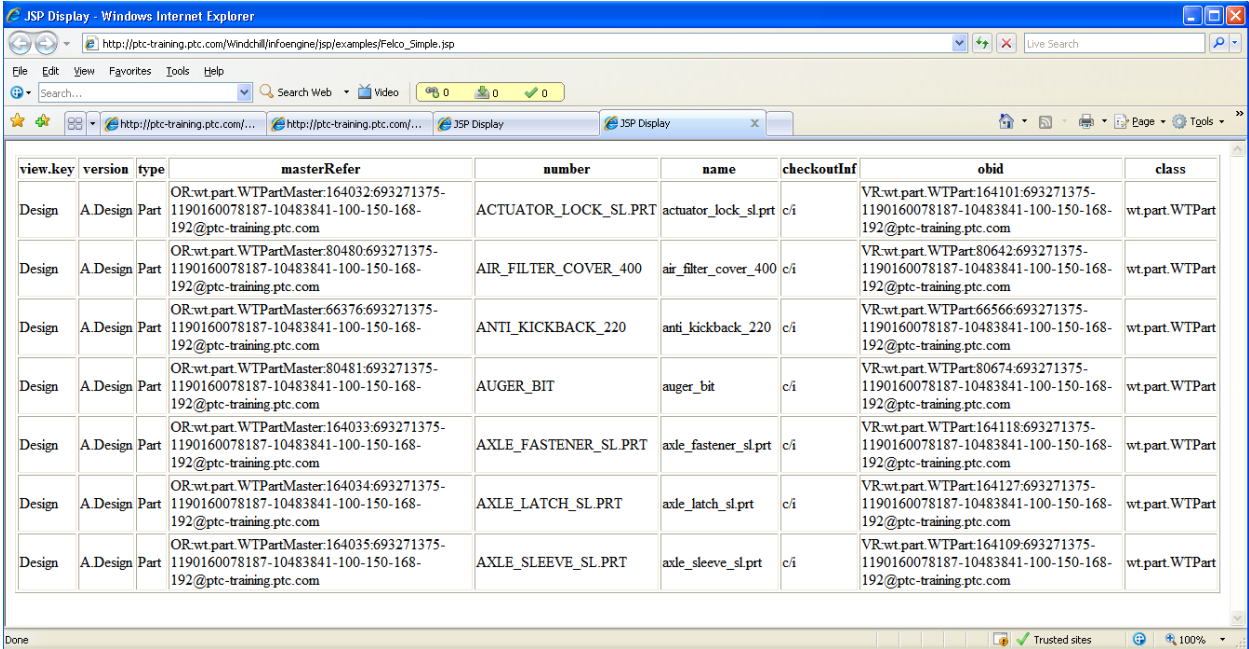
<ie:webject name="Display-Table" type="DSP"/>
<html>
<head>
</body>
<title>JSP Display</title>

</body>
</html>
```

HTML Section

Demonstration of Running a JSP

- Running the My_Simple.jsp



Using HTML and Webjects in a JSP

- The previous demonstration displays a table output of the Webjects results, but the table display is not what you want. The below images displays a HTML table to control the display.

```
<html>
<head>
</body>
<title>JSP Display</title>
<br>
<table border="1" cellpadding="2">
  <tr >
    <td>All<input type=checkbox ONCLICK="selectAll(this)" value=checkbox name=allcheckbox></td>
    <td>Name</td><td>Number</td><td>Version</td><td>Status</td><td>State</td><td>Container</td><td>Type</td>
  </tr>

  <ie:forEach groupIn="objectsSearched" groupOut="row">
    <tr>
      <td ><input value="" type="checkbox"></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="name"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="number"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="version"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="checkoutInfo.state"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="lifeCycleState"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="containerName"/></td>
      <td><ie:getValue name="type"/></td>
    </tr>
  </ie:forEach>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```

JSP File Webjects are located at the top of the page

Page Results

All <input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Number	Version	Status	State	Container	Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	actuator_lock_sl.prt	ACTUATOR_LOCK_SL.PRT	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Super Lite Golf Cart	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	air_filter_cover_400	AIR_FILTER_COVER_400	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Drill - 400 Series	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	anti_kickback_220	ANTI_KICKBACK_220	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Chainsaw - 220 Series	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	auger_bit	AUGER_BIT	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Standard Parts	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	axle_fastener_sl.prt	AXLE_FASTENER_SL.PRT	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Super Lite Golf Cart	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	axle_latch_sl.prt	AXLE_LATCH_SL.PRT	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Super Lite Golf Cart	Part
<input type="checkbox"/>	axle_sleeve_sl.prt	AXLE_SLEEVE_SL.PRT	A.Design	c/i	INWORK	Super Lite Golf Cart	Part

Demonstration of HTML and Info*Engine in a JSP

- Displaying information using HTML elements
- Showing PTC JSP examples



- Adapter Guide:
[WCAdapterGuide.pdf](#)
- User Guide:
[IEUsersGuide.pdf](#)
- Java Adapter Development Kit:
[IEJADKGuide.pdf](#)
- Java Naming Directory Interface Adapter Guide:
[JNDIAdapterGuide.pdf](#)
- Felco Solutions Website:
<http://www.felcosolutions.com>

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