



Remote Monitoring Application Starter - Documentation

Author: Pai Chung

IoT Solutions Architect

Customer Success IoT



Remote Monitoring Application Starter - Manual

Description

The Remote Monitoring Starter is a Starter Application created using Best Practices as well as many useful techniques.

Purpose

This Starter Application can literally get you started, but can also be a useful teaching tool

Application Runtime Walkthrough

Main screen / Asset Summary

Status	Count
Critical	1
Warning	1
Normal	3

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	Critical	Critical
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset4	Asset 4	Warning	Warning
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2	Asset 2	Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	Normal	Normal

- This mashup has a Master assigned in the Title property of the master we put “Asset Remote Monitoring” which now shows in the tab at the top.
- Logo is inserted in a left side bar with scaling to Height
- A menu is assigned which is secured with different Groups so that depending on who logs in, different options show up.
- A tree widget provides Navigation through all Asset levels.
 - Tree data includes a Status field to drive state based definitions
 - Tree data includes a Mashup name field to drive the actual mashup shown next to the tree
 - Selected Node data is passed in from Data Source Selected row to both the Mashup name of the contained mashup and to “Entity” which is a Mashup parameter
- Small Grid shows aggregate roll up of the assets that are assets under the selected node. Map shows assets under the selected node. Detail grid shows individual line items for all assets under the selected node. (ie. If client 1 is selected only two nodes will show and be aggregated)

- Map and Grid information come from the same service and a double click will navigate to the detail mashup using the 'double clicked' event, data source selected row and a Nav Widget. Again Mashup Name and Entity are passed in.

Asset Detail

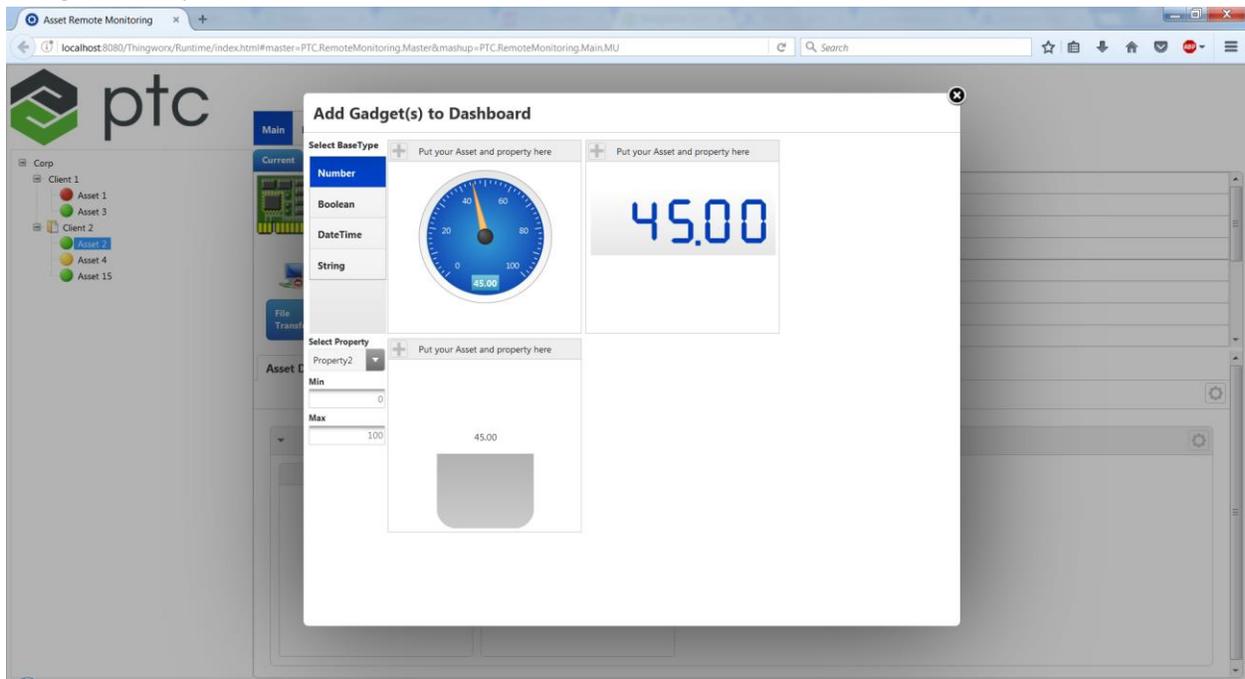
The screenshot displays the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring interface. The browser address bar shows the URL: `localhost:8080/Thingwork/Runtime/index.html#master=PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Master& mashup=PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Main.MU`. The application features a navigation menu with options: Main, List, File Transfer, and Asset Management. A sidebar on the left shows a tree view of assets under 'Corp', including Client 1 (Asset 1, 3) and Client 2 (Asset 2, 4, 15). The main content area is titled 'Asset Details' and shows a 'Property Display' for 'Asset 2'. The properties include:

isConnected	false
description	Asset 2
thingTemplate	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Example.TT
Avatar	Open
lastConnection	1969-12-31 19:00:00.000
tags	Applications RemoteMonitoring
name	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2
Status	3

Below the property display is a 'Main' dashboard with two widgets: 'Asset Speed' (a gauge showing 45.00) and 'Engine On Off' (a green circular indicator).

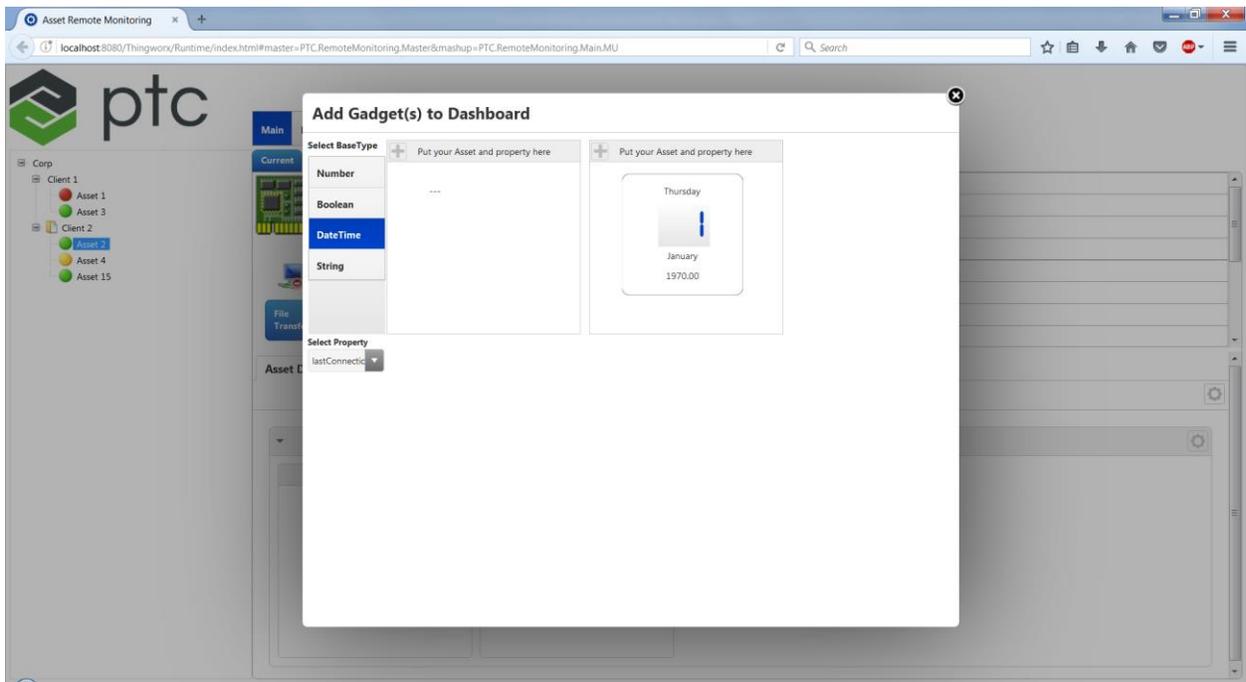
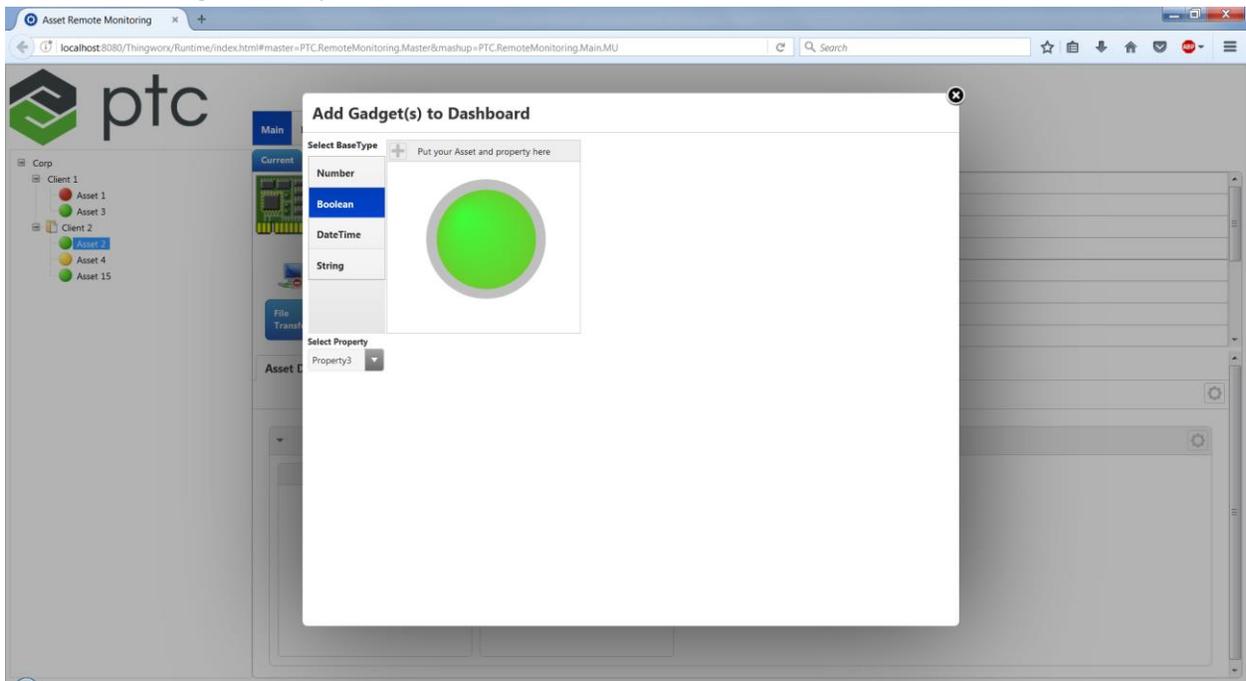
- Asset details are shown generically using a Property Display
- Asset avatar is showing
- Asset Remote Access is available
- Use File transfer to go to File Transfer for this Asset or any other asset
- An Asset Type Customizable Dashboard is available to bring in Specific Properties
 - Each asset can have their own specific Dashboard (all dashboards will still show in tabs) Configure this in Asset Management
 - Dashboards will dynamically know which Asset's information needs to be loaded in Gadgets

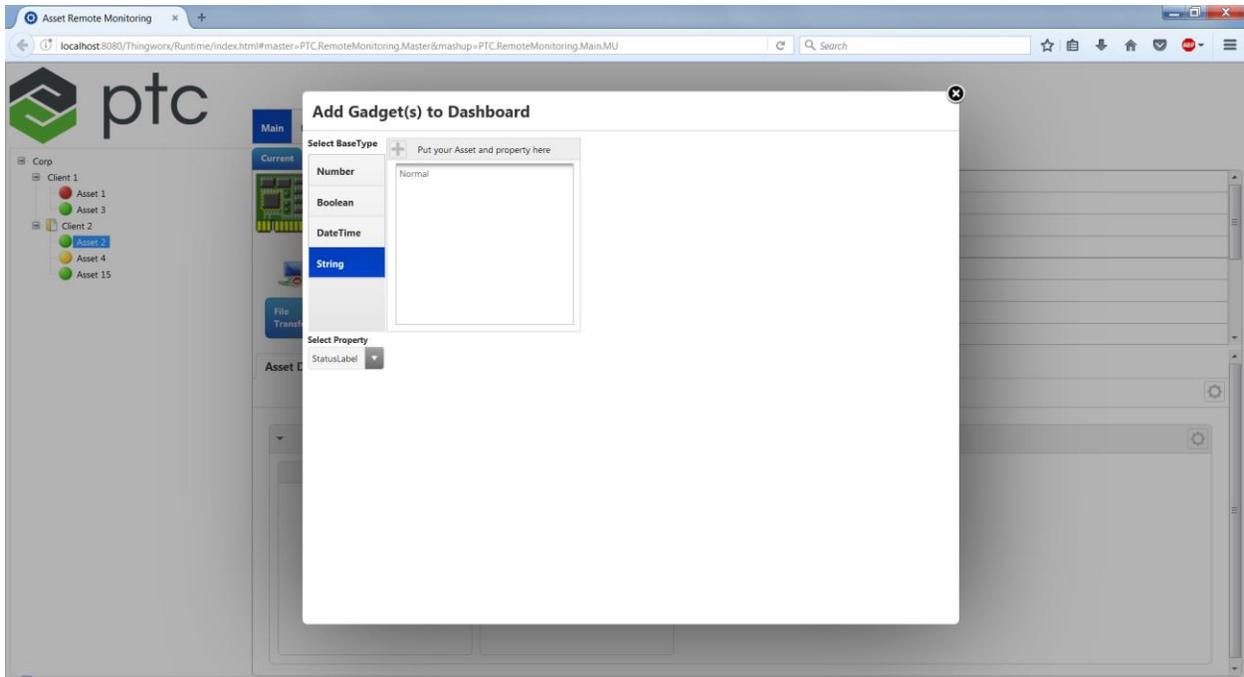
Gadget Library



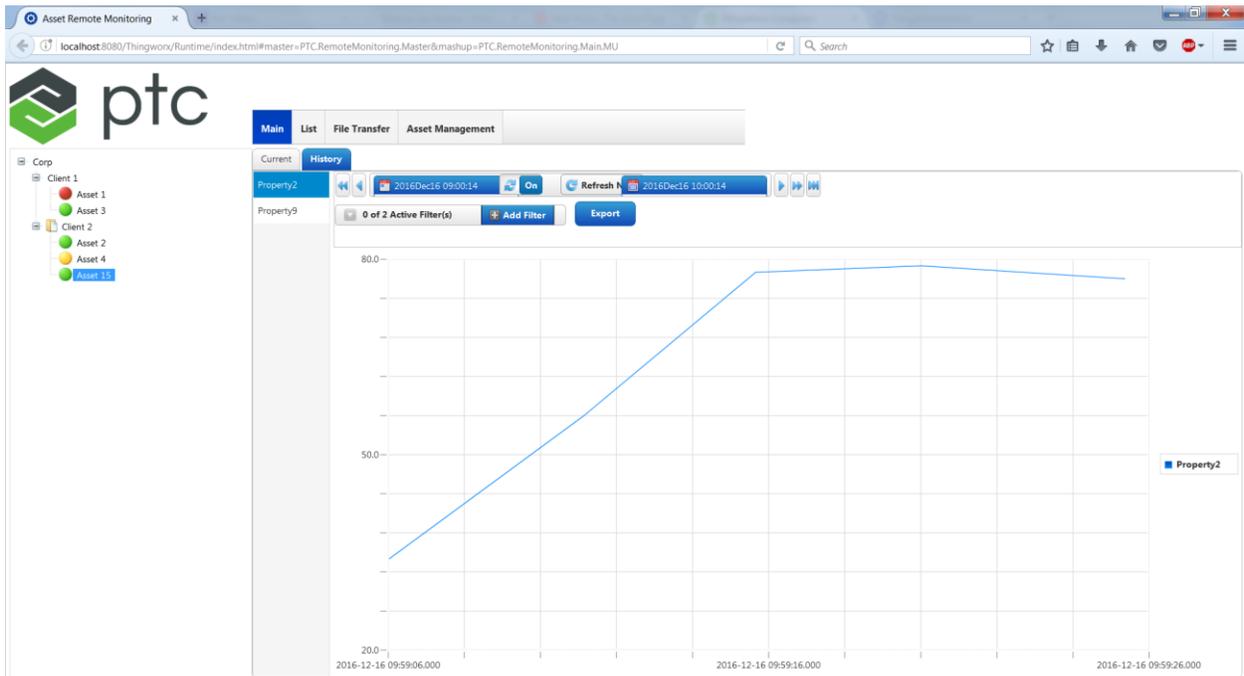
- Gadget Library allows a User to pick Property BaseType and then a Property of that BaseType for selected Asset
- If the Property BaseType is a number, they can specify a min and max which is applied where applicable.
- After adding the Gadget it will be available on the Asset Dashboard for all assets that use that dashboard.

Additional Gadget Library screenshots





Asset Detail History



- History Tab shows all Numerical properties that are LOGGED
- You can Multi select the Properties and they will be displayed on the TimeSeries Chart

Alternate Main View

Status	Count
Critical	1
Warning	1
Normal	3

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	1 Critical	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset4	Asset 4	2 Warning	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	3 Normal	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2	Asset 2	3 Normal	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	3 Normal	

- List is just a different way to display the assets

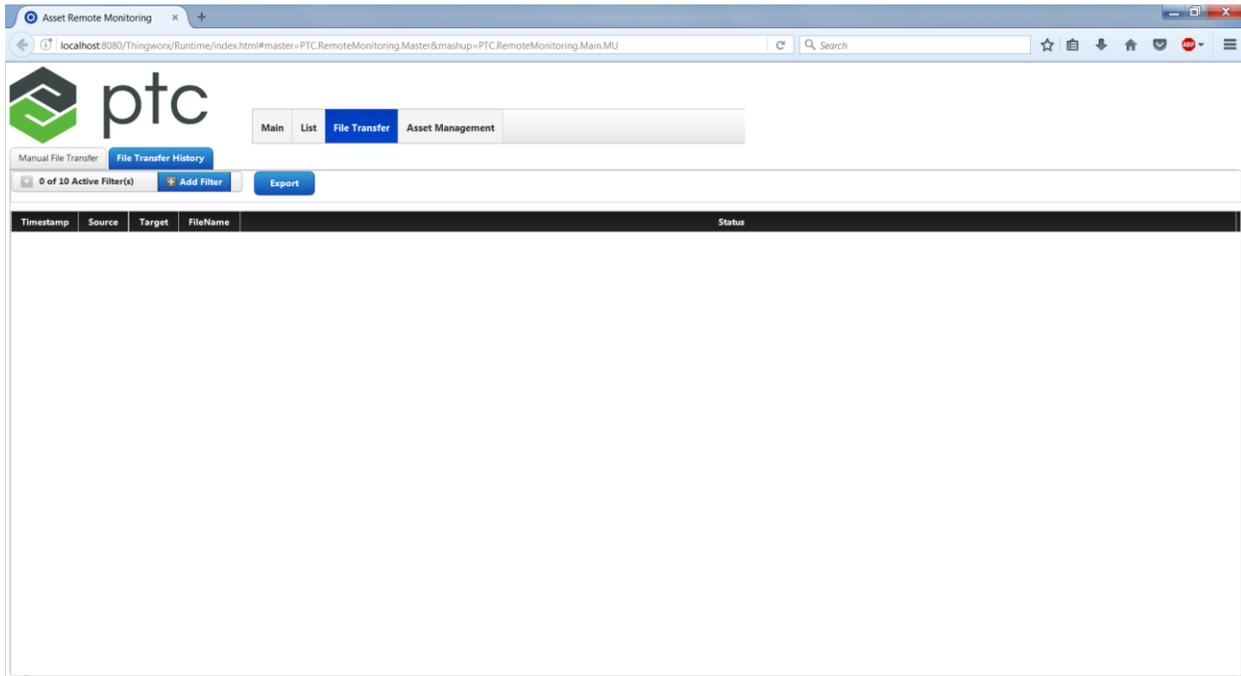
File Transfer screen

Path	Size	LastModifiedDate	Name	FileType
/Subfolder				
/Subfolder/AllEntities.xml	4276088.00	2016-12-12 10:00:00	AllEntities.xml	xml

- File transfer is a 'generic' file transfer mashup
- Allows you to pick a File Repository on the platform
- Allows you to create subfolders

- Allows you to upload files
- Allows you to browse the folder structure and see files
- Allows you to pick an Agent that supports file transfer
- Allows you to browse the folder structure defined for the Agent
- Allows you to transfer files back and forth

File Transfer History screen



- File Transfer History is populated through the FileTransfer event into a Stream
- Grid allows sorting based on Column clicks
- Data Filter allows for filtering entries
- Export will export resulting data to csv client side

Tunnel History Screen

- Tunnel History is populated through the Tunnel events into a Stream
- Grid allows sorting based on Column clicks
- Data Filter allows for filtering entries
- Export will export resulting data to csv client side

Asset Management screen

Name	Description	Value
description	Thing description	
isConnected	Flag indicating if connected or not.	false
lastConnection	Last connection time	1481907594395
name	Thing name	ExampleTunnelThing
tags	Thing Tags	
thingTemplate	Thing Template	RemoteThingWithTunnelsAndFileTransfer
HomeMashup		

- Asset management is for Creating/Deleting and Configuring Assets
- Asset can be chosen
- Chosen Asset can be added/removed to Network
- Chosen Asset can be deleted

Universal Property Edit

The screenshot shows the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring web interface. The browser address bar indicates the URL is localhost:8080/Thingworx/Runtime/index.html. The page features a navigation menu with 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', and 'Asset Management'. Below the menu are buttons for 'Edit Selected Property Value', 'Delete Asset', 'Create New Asset', 'Add Asset as Child Node', and 'Remove Node'. A table displays properties for an asset named 'ExampleTunnelThing'. The 'HomeMashup' row is highlighted, and an 'Edit Value' dialog box is open over it, showing the current value and a field for a new value.

Name	Description	Value
description	Thing description	
isConnected	Flag indicating if connected or not	false
lastConnection	Last connection time	1481907594395
name	Thing name	ExampleTunnelThing
tags	Thing Tags	
thingTemplate	Thing Template	RemoteThingWithTunnelsAndFileTransfer
HomeMashup		

- Any Property of any BaseType on the chosen Asset can be edited

Asset Creation

The screenshot shows the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring web interface. The browser address bar indicates the URL is localhost:8080/Thingworx/Runtime/index.html#master=PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Master& mashup=PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Main.MU. The interface features a navigation menu with 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', and 'Asset Management'. Below the menu, there are buttons for 'Edit Selected Property Value', 'Delete Asset', 'Create New Asset', 'Add Asset as Child Node', and 'Remove Node'. A table displays asset properties:

Name	Description	Value
description	Thing description	
isConnected	Flag indicating if connected or not	false
lastConnection	Last connection time	1481907594395
name	Thing name	ExampleTunnelThing
tags	Thing Tags	
thingTemplate	Thing Template	RemoteThingWithTunnelsAndFileTransfer
HomeMashup		

An 'Asset Name' modal is open, containing fields for 'Asset Name', 'Asset Description', and 'Select Asset Template', along with a 'Tags' button and a 'Create Asset' button.

- New Asset can be created

Application Security Walkthrough

Security has been set up according to best practices.

There are user groups for Visibility, user roles and Application Permissions. Users will be assigned to Role Groups, all role groups are their Visibility group and as needed, Role Groups are in Application Permission Groups. Also all OOTB services are secured with the System User.

Visibility

Visibility is what secures what a User can see and therefor interact with in the Model. This is split into:

- General Visibility – Everyone, every user see these. These are generally support application items etc.
- Specific Visibility – This client owns these assets and only this client can see them.

Following is the organization that is setup and note the Visibility Group assigned to Client A and Client B

ThingWorx A PTC Business

RemoteMonitoringRoot

Organization

Save Cancel Edit To Do

ENTITY INFORMATION

- General Information
- Organization**

PERMISSIONS

- Visibility
- Design Time
- Run Time

CHANGE HISTORY

- Change History

RemoteMonitoringRoot

Selected Organizational Unit

Name: ClientA Rename

Description:

Members

Click here to add a user or group +

- RemoteMonitoring.ClientA.All x

Organizational Chart:

```

graph TD
    RemoteMonitoringRoot[RemoteMonitoringRoot] --> Vendors[Vendors]
    RemoteMonitoringRoot --> Clients[Clients]
    Clients --> ClientA[ClientA]
    Clients --> ClientB[ClientB]
  
```

Client A has RemoteMonitoringClientA.All assigned

ThingWorx A PTC Business

RemoteMonitoringRoot

Organization

Save Cancel Edit To Do

ENTITY INFORMATION

- General Information
- Organization**

PERMISSIONS

- Visibility
- Design Time
- Run Time

CHANGE HISTORY

- Change History

RemoteMonitoringRoot

Selected Organizational Unit

Name: RemoteMonitoringRoot Rename

Description:

Members

Click here to add a user or group +

This unit has no members yet.

Organizational Chart:

```

graph TD
    RemoteMonitoringRoot[RemoteMonitoringRoot] --> Vendors[Vendors]
    RemoteMonitoringRoot --> Clients[Clients]
    Clients --> ClientA[ClientA]
    Clients --> ClientB[ClientB]
  
```

Client B has RemoteMonitoringClientB.All assigned

Visibility Group

The Visibility Group contains all the User Role Groups

The screenshot shows the 'Members in Group' page for the 'RemoteMonitoring.ClientA.All' user group. The left sidebar contains navigation options under 'ENTITY INFORMATION', 'PERMISSIONS', and 'CHANGE HISTORY'. The main content area includes a toolbar with 'Edit Members' and 'Edit' buttons, a search filter, and a table of members.

Name	Description
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AllUsers	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagers	Users who can do Asset Management
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Technicians	Group to hold Asset Technicians

Client A's Role Groups in the aggregate visibility group (RemoteMonitoring.ClientA.All)

The screenshot shows the 'Members in Group' page for the 'RemoteMonitoring.ClientB.All' user group. The left sidebar is identical to the previous screenshot. The main content area includes a toolbar with 'Edit Members', 'Save', 'Cancel Edit', and 'To Do' buttons, a search filter, and a table of members.

Name	Description
ClientB.SuperUsers	

Client B's Role Groups in the aggregate visibility group (RemoteMonitoring.ClientB.All)

NOTE: Role Groups can be named according to the Client's needs/standards.

Application Group

The Application Group contains the appropriate User Role Groups

ThingWorx A PTC Business +U New Entity Import/Export Monitoring

PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default User Group Edit Members Save Cancel Edit To Do

Members in Group

To edit members of this group click "Edit Members" from the toolbar above.

Type to filter list... Clear

Name	Description
ClientB.SuperUsers	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AllUsers	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagers	Users who can do Asset Management
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Technicians	Group to hold Asset Technicians

ENTITY INFORMATION
 General Information
Members
 PERMISSIONS
 Visibility
 Design Time
 Run Time
 CHANGE HISTORY
 Change History

ThingWorx A PTC Business +U New Entity Import/Export Monitoring

PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileAndTunnelActions PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileAndTunnelActions User Group Edit Members Save Cancel Edit To Do

Members in Group

To edit members of this group click "Edit Members" from the toolbar above.

Type to filter list... Clear

Name	Description
ClientB.SuperUsers	
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagers	Users who can do Asset Management
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Technicians	Group to hold Asset Technicians

ENTITY INFORMATION
 General Information
Members
 PERMISSIONS
 Visibility
 Design Time
 Run Time
 CHANGE HISTORY
 Change History

NOTE: Role groups assigned across clients because these groups define what users can DO. Visibility permissions will define which entities they can apply these permissions on.

Users

Users are then in their Role Groups

The screenshot shows the ThingWorx interface for a user group. The top navigation bar includes the ThingWorx logo and a search bar. Below it, there are tabs for 'RemoteMonitoringRoot', 'RemoteMonitoring.ClientA.All', and 'PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Technicians'. The main content area is titled 'Members in Group' and includes a search box with the text 'Type to filter list...' and a 'Clear' button. A table below the search box lists members, with one entry: 'RemoteMonitoringTechnician'.

Visibility and Permissions are then assigned for the Visibility Group and Application Groups in the actual model. In Addition the System user receives Runtime Service Execute, to allow wrapped services to execute.

Visibility assignment

The screenshot shows the 'Visibility' configuration page in ThingWorx. The left sidebar lists 'PERMISSIONS' with 'Visibility' selected. The main area has a '+ Add Org/Org Units' button and a table with the following data:

Orgs/Org Units	Visibility	Remove
RemoteMonitoringRoot:ClientA	Allow	[Remove]

The screenshot shows the 'Visibility' configuration page in ThingWorx for a different asset. The left sidebar lists 'ENTITY INFORMATION' with 'General Information' selected. The main area has an 'Add Org/Org Units' button and a table with the following data:

Orgs/Org Units	Visibility
RemoteMonitoringRoot:ClientB	Allow

Specific Asset Visibility

The screenshot shows the 'Mashups' section in ThingWorx. The 'Collection Permission' for the Mashup named 'Visibility' is being edited. The permissions table is as follows:

Orgs/Org Units	Visibility
Everyone	Allow
RemoteMonitoringRoot	Allow
Development	Allow

All Users in the Organization have Visibility to all Mashups

The screenshot shows the 'Entity Information' page for the entity 'PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices'. The 'Visibility' permissions are configured as follows:

Orgs/Org Units	Visibility
RemoteMonitoringRoot	Allow

All Users in the Organization have Visibility to this Thing which has Application Supporting Services

Permission Assignments

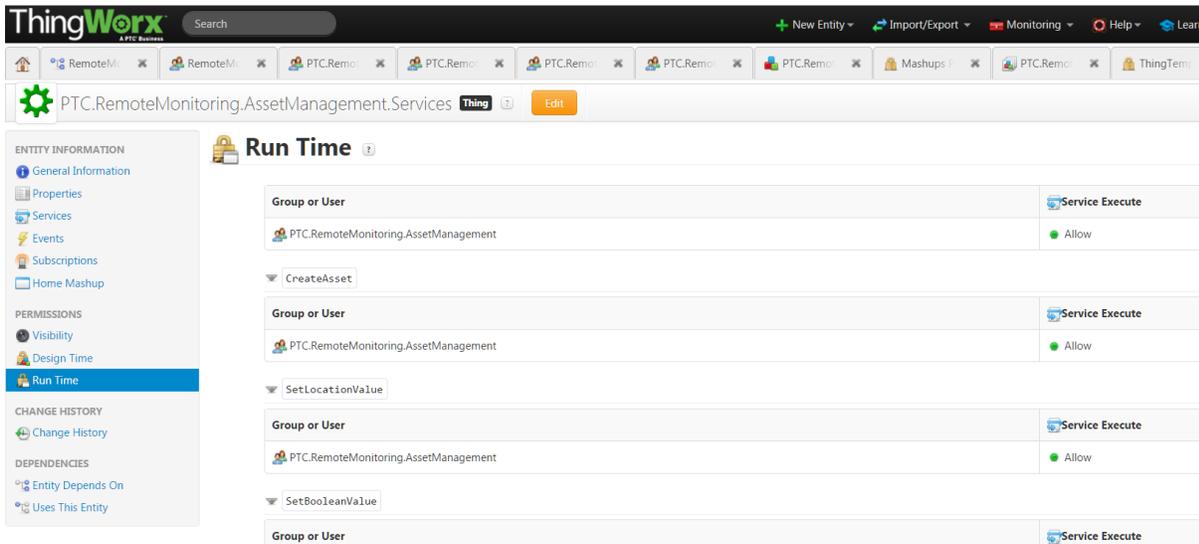
The screenshot shows the 'Run Time Instance Permissions' page. It displays a table of permissions for various groups and users, and a section for service overrides.

Group or User	Property Read	Property Write	Event Execute	Event Subscribe	Service Execute	Remove
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileAndTunnelActions	Allow	Deny	Deny	Deny	Deny	Remove
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagement	Allow	Deny	Deny	Deny	Deny	Remove
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default	Allow	Deny	Deny	Deny	Deny	Remove

Property, Service or Event Overrides

Services

- GetFileListing**
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileAndTunnelActions: Service Execute (Deny)
- GetTunnel1**
 - Service Execute (Deny)



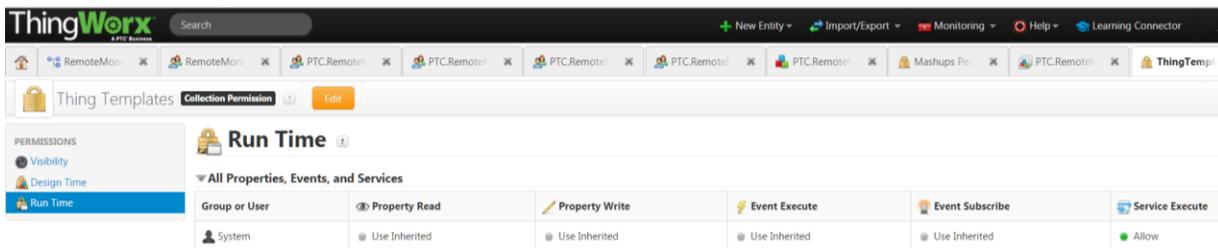
Permissions are assigned to the Application Groups, which will contain the specific Client Role Groups, so all Clients can leverage these groups.

For Properties Read/Write an all Read Write is given, although you could do specific properties, you can also override deny specific properties.

For Services each individual Service is specifically permitted.

NOTE: Permissions stack, so in this case File/Tunnel and Management are also IN Default and receive Property Read through that.

System User Assignment



System user is assigned over Entity Types to have Service Execute for all services.

This for example allows a Service like CreateEntity (seen in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagement.Services) to utilize the service CreateThing found in Resources/EntityServices

Everyone Organization

The screenshot shows the 'Everyone' organization configuration page in ThingWorx. The left sidebar contains sections for 'ENTITY INFORMATION' (General Information, Organization), 'PERMISSIONS' (Visibility, Design Time, Run Time), and 'CHANGE HISTORY' (Change History). The main area is titled 'Everyone' and includes a 'Selected Organizational Unit' section with a 'Name' field containing 'Everyone' and a 'Description' field containing 'All users'. Below this is a 'Members' section with a button to add users and a message: 'This unit has no members yet.'

NOTE: For visibility to be Enabled, remove Users from the Everyone Organization.

Administrator View

The screenshot shows the PTC Administrator View. The top navigation bar includes 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', 'Tunnel History', 'Asset Management', and 'Logout'. The main content area features a map of the United States with asset locations marked by colored dots. A table below the map provides details for each asset.

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	1 Critical	Critical
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset4	Asset 4	2 Warning	Warning
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	3 Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	3 Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2	Asset 2	3 Normal	Normal

General User View

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	1 Critical	Critical
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	3 Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	3 Normal	Normal

description	Asset 15
isConnected	false
lastConnection	1969-12-31 19:00:00.000
name	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15
tags	Applications RemoteMonitoring
thingTemplate	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Example2.TT
Avatar	Open
AssetDashboardID	Debbe505-8e2b-41f8-8188-3120b2678f3

Technician View

The screenshot shows the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', and 'Tunnel History'. Below this, a map of the United States is displayed with several green location markers. To the left of the map, there is a summary table:

Status	Count
Critical	1
Normal	2

Below the map is a table listing assets:

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	1 Critical	Critical
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	3 Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	3 Normal	Normal

The screenshot shows the 'Asset Details' view for Asset 1. A red box highlights the 'Current' tab and the 'Asset Details' section. The 'Current' tab contains a table of metadata:

Property	Value
description	Asset 1
isConnected	false
lastConnected	1969-12-31 19:00:00.000
name	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1
tags	Applications RemoteMonitoring
thingTemplate	PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Example.TT
Avatar	Open
AssetDashboardID	85c47ed-562a-462c-b2ef-36eb2f0ec86

Below the metadata table, there are two monitoring gauges under the 'Main' tab:

- Asset Speed:** A circular gauge showing a speed of 4456.00.
- Engine On Off:** A red circular indicator showing the engine is on.

Asset Manager View

The screenshot shows the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring interface for Client 1. The navigation menu includes 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', 'Tunnel History', and 'Asset Management'. The status summary table shows 1 Critical and 2 Normal assets. The map displays the United States with three asset locations marked. The detailed asset list table is as follows:

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1	Asset 1	1 Critical	Critical
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3	Asset 3	3 Normal	Normal
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15	Asset 15	3 Normal	Normal

Client B View

The screenshot shows the PTC Asset Remote Monitoring interface for Client 2. The navigation menu includes 'Main', 'List', 'File Transfer', and 'Tunnel History'. The status summary table shows 2 Warning and 1 Normal assets. The map displays the United States with two asset locations marked. The detailed asset list table is as follows:

ID	Description	Status	StatusLabel
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset4	Asset 4	2 Warning	Warning
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2	Asset 2	3 Normal	Normal

Application Model Design Walkthrough

The Model will not be explained in full, but certain parts will be highlighted

ThingShapes

Two ThingShapes are in use



- PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default.TS

This is a default shape that must be included in all entities that are in the Network of the application.

- PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Session.TS

This is a ThingShape that is incorporated in the UserManagement Configuration as a Session ThingShape and provides several Properties that become Session Parameters to be used Client Side and Server Side

ThingTemplates

There is one main ThingTemplate for Assets from which all actual Asset Templates should be derived from which is PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default.TT. Base permissions are set in this ThingTemplate. Any Thing that implements this or a derived ThingTemplate will be considered an actual Asset vs. Corp or Client.

There is also PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileRepo.TT which was created so as to help with permissioning.

Things

There are several categories of Things (including ValueStreams and Streams)

- Corp
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GenericTopNode

Generic entity to take up the top node in the hierarchical network.

- Clients
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleClient1
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleClient2

Clients of the Corp who own assets, also created to be placed in the hierarchical network.

- Assets
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset1
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset2
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset3
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Asset4
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.ExampleAsset15

Actual assets of interest, these are Remote type Things that receive their information from an Agent on a physical asset. They support File Transfer and Tunneling as well.

- Support
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.DashboardServices
 - PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagement.Services

These Things hold general services that are used in the Application. They are split according to function so they can be secured for specific Application Groups if necessary. See `AssetManagementServices` as an example.

- `FileRepository`
 - `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.DefaultRepository`

Generic starting repository

- `ValueStream`
 - `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default.VS`

`ValueStream` has been assigned to the `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Default.TT ThingTemplate` and logs all the Properties that are set to `Logged` and drives the Asset Detail History screen.

- `Stream`
 - `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.TunnelHistory.Stream`
 - `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.FileTransferHistory.Stream`

These hold the Tunnel and FileTransfer historical events respectively and drive the History screens.

Networks

There is one network in the model `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Network` which represents the Corp/Asset hierarchy and is used to drive the retrieval of the information for the Asset Tree and Asset Status payloads.

Model Tags

Full application is tagged with `Applications:RemoteMonitoring`

Menus

There are two menus

- `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Application.Menu`

This is the main application menu that is seen in the Master. It has specific User Groups assigned to each Menu Entry to show/hide the item for the appropriate Users

- `PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GadgetLib.Menu`

The Gadget Library menu is used in the Gadget Library mashup when adding gadgets.

NOTE: For both of these you will see a permission to execute `GetEffectiveMenu` which is needed for the Menu widget to properly render the menu.

Visualizations

Visualizations are described later, please note that several styles and state definitions were created to support the visualizations.

Notable Modeling Techniques

Inheritance

Model is set up to leverage ThingShapes and ThingTemplates

Leveraging a Network to easily associate Entities and Assets

Using HomeMashup of Things

Using a Property to indicate associated Dashboard for Assets

Modeling Choices

Using both a ThingTemplate and ThingShape requirement for inclusion in the application to allow for Remote type and non-Remote type things/assets to appear in the application. Corp vs. Asset1 for example.

Using both a Number and String for Status to help with Sorting as well as friendly label display

No localization was used, just to save time. Better would've been to have all labels as tokens.

Naming Conventions

As much as possible consistent naming conventions are used.

Scripting Techniques

GetNetworkConnections vs. GetSubNetworkConnections

In PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices it is used in GetAssetsForNavigation and GetAssetsByStatus, the first service is used to populate the Navigation Tree and retrieves ALL Nodes. The second service is used to populate the Map and Grids and receives a Selected Node input filter to only retrieve Selected Node and its Children.

GetAssetAggregatedByStatus

This service actually just retrieves the Aggregated values from a Session Parameter that was filled in by GetAssetsByStatus. Since this service already has all the information to do the aggregation, it would have been a waste to have to run that service once more to do the aggregation. As such the retrieval of the information is done first and returned as a result to the mashup, but also the aggregation is done and placed in Session, this way the same user can be logged in from many machines and see the relevant aggregation information based on their choices in that mashup.

DeriveFields

Thingworx provides a library of InfoTable functions, one of the most powerful ones being DeriveFields. DeriveFields can generate additional columns to your InfoTable and fill that with values that can be derived from ... nearly anything! Hard coded, based on a Service you call, based on a Property Value, based on other values within the InfoTable you are adding the column to.

Just remember for this Service (as well as Aggregate), no spaces between different column definitions and use a , (comma) as separator.

Here are some extracts from GetAssetByStatus in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices:

```
//Calling another function using DeriveFields

//Note that the value thingTemplate is the actual value in the row of column thingTemplate!

var params = {
  types: "STRING" /* STRING */,
  t: AllItems /* INFOTABLE */,
  columns: "BaseTemplate" /* STRING */,
  expressions:
  "Things['PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices'].RetrieveBaseTemplate({ThingTemplateName:
  thingTemplate})" /* STRING */
};

// result: INFOTABLE

var AllItemsWithBase = Resources["InfoTableFunctions"].DeriveFields(params);

//Getting values from other Properties

//to in this case is the value of the row in the column to

//Note the use of , and no spaces

//NOTE: You can make this even more generic with something like Things[to][propName]

var params = {
  types: "NUMBER,STRING,STRING,LOCATION" /* STRING */,
  t: AllAssets /* INFOTABLE */,
  columns: "Status,StatusLabel,Description,AssetLocation" /* STRING */,
  expressions:
  "Things[to].Status,Things[to].StatusLabel,Things[to].description,Things[to].AssetLocation" /*
  STRING */
};

// result: INFOTABLE
```

```
var AllAssetsWithStatus = Resources["InfoTableFunctions"].DeriveFields(params);
```

Generic Property Value Retrieval

Used in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.DashboardServices each of theValue services like GetAssetBooleanPropertyValue helps retrieve values based on the input of the Asset name and Property name. There had to be this many services to properly return values of each proper BaseType.

Code is the same for all of them: result = Things[AssetName][PropertyName]

This is used for the Gadgets so we can use them as generic as possible.

Generically Setting Property Values

Similar to being able to retrieve Property Values generically, you can set them as well.

This is used for Asset Configuration and the services can be found in: with the services each being called Set Value. Again all it needs is the Asset and Property name, now the difference is not the output, but the input BaseType.

Code is same for all of them: result = Things[AssetName][PropertyName] = Value;

Recursive Functions

Full fledged JavaScript is allowed and so you can define Functions inside Services and use them recursively. See the example in: PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices in a service called RetrieveBaseTemplate.

Creating new Assets

Thingworx comes with EntityServices which will allow you to create any Entities as required. To create Things some special steps are required. After a CreateThing call, you must Enable and Restart the Thing

Service can be found in: PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagement.Services in the CreateAsset Service.

Use of CurrentUser and retrieving User Groups

In PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GeneralServices there is a Service FileTransferAndTunnelPermission that is used to determine if the User is in a particular User Group. This drives visibility on a Mashup.

As a best practice when you need to determine something based on the context of the User who is logged in, always use: GetCurrentUser server side, vs. an Input parameter which can be abused.

Also you can see the use of the GetGroups service.

Managing the Corporate Entity/Asset network

In PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetManagement.Services there are also services that show how you can easily manage a Network using Services. As a general rule almost anything that you do in Composer (outside of Mashup building) can be done with Services, or if you think beyond that picture, REST API calls.

NOTE: At the very beginning I entertained the thought of having a Dynamic Network assignment, but felt that there wasn't a real use case for that, it is simple enough though to take any services that use a Network (currently hardcoded name) and make that 'dynamic' using Input parameters or even Session Parameters.

Application Mashup Design Walkthrough

Master

PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Master provides the frame around the application and holds the Logo and Menu.

Providing a Browser tab Title

Within the Master the Title property is set and that overrides the default title on the browser tab so now it reads: Asset Remote Monitoring

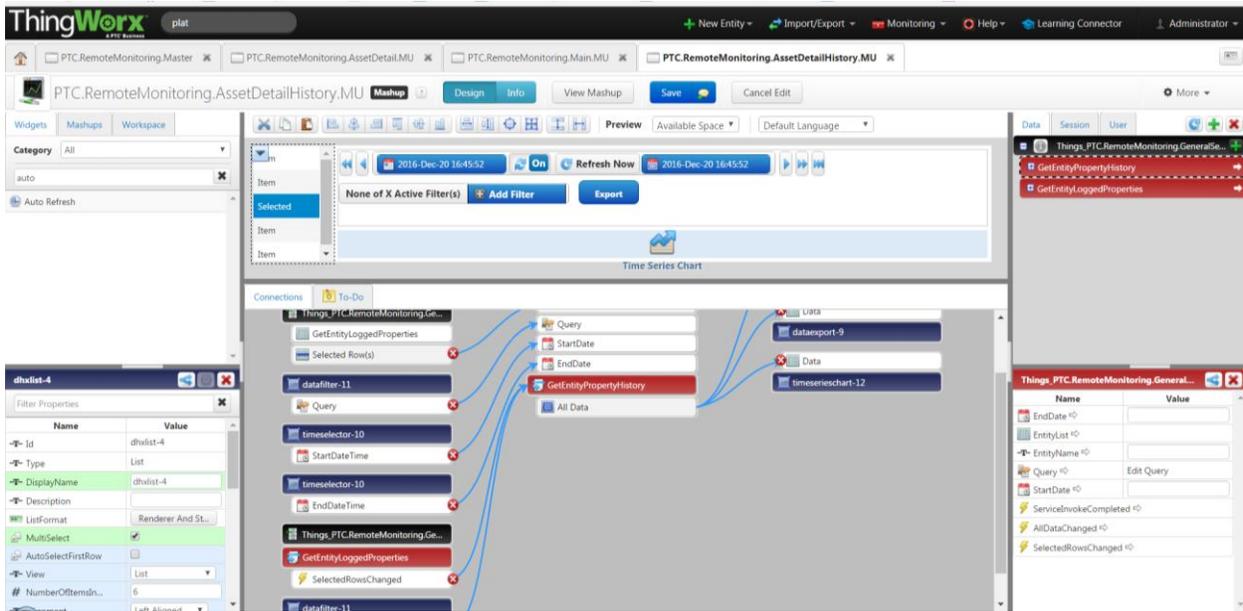
Asset Tree

In using a network it is very easy to get that information into the Tree widget in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Main.MU. With DeriveFields we've added some extra information so that we can drive the State Based Definition with a Status field, but we also drive the Contained Mashup to show a Summary mashup or Detail mashup based on the Tree Entity selection.

Dynamic Asset History in TimeSeries Chart

Thingworx TimeSeries chart are great because they can AutoConfigure also Grids can handle varying InfoTable returns when you use 'Show All Columns'.

In this screen we provide the Selected Row that indicates the Asset and from there we pull the Numerical Properties that are Logged into a List. Then based on the List selection we pull the History of those Properties and display them in the TimeSeries Chart. In addition the Data Filter and Data Export were added, see: PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetDetailHistory.MU



Contained Mashups

All over the Application there is the use of Contained Mashups, this makes Mashups reusable in other places, it also makes the Contained Mashup space dynamically configurable as an example see the PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Main.MU, but also the PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetDetail.MU where we dynamically set the Dashboard to show based on the Asset's Dashboard ID property.

PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetDetail.MU itself is a slightly 'bad' or inconsistent example where there is a mix and match of actual Mashup and Contained Mashup for the Property History. To be consistent, there would've been a main Asset Container Mashup and then two contained Mashups one of the Asset Detail and the other with the Asset History.

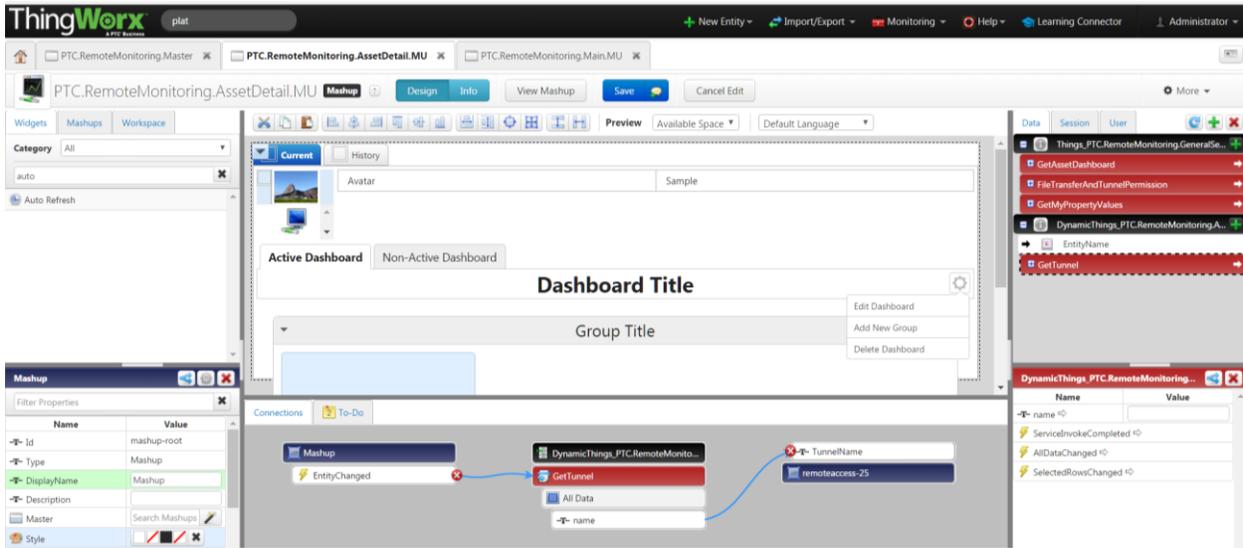
User Context

Where necessary there is User Context in the UI, like the Menu which has its Menu Items defined with User Groups. Also in the Asset Detail it determines if you have FileTransfer/Tunnel permissions and together with a Validation Widget it show/hides those options.

Selection Context

Selection context is used everywhere in the Application and always starts from 'Selected Row' of a Data Source. This is then passed either through Mashup parameters, Service Input parameters or Session Parameters. Actions are then invoked through 'Selected Row Changed' of the Data Source or 'Double Click' of the Widget and sometimes pass into a Navigation Widget to create a Navigation or into another Data Service to retrieve contextual information. Sometimes Refresh request are being passed to force a Service to run in a different Mashup.

Here is an example where the Tunnel is assigned to the Remote Access widget dynamically in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetDetail.MU:

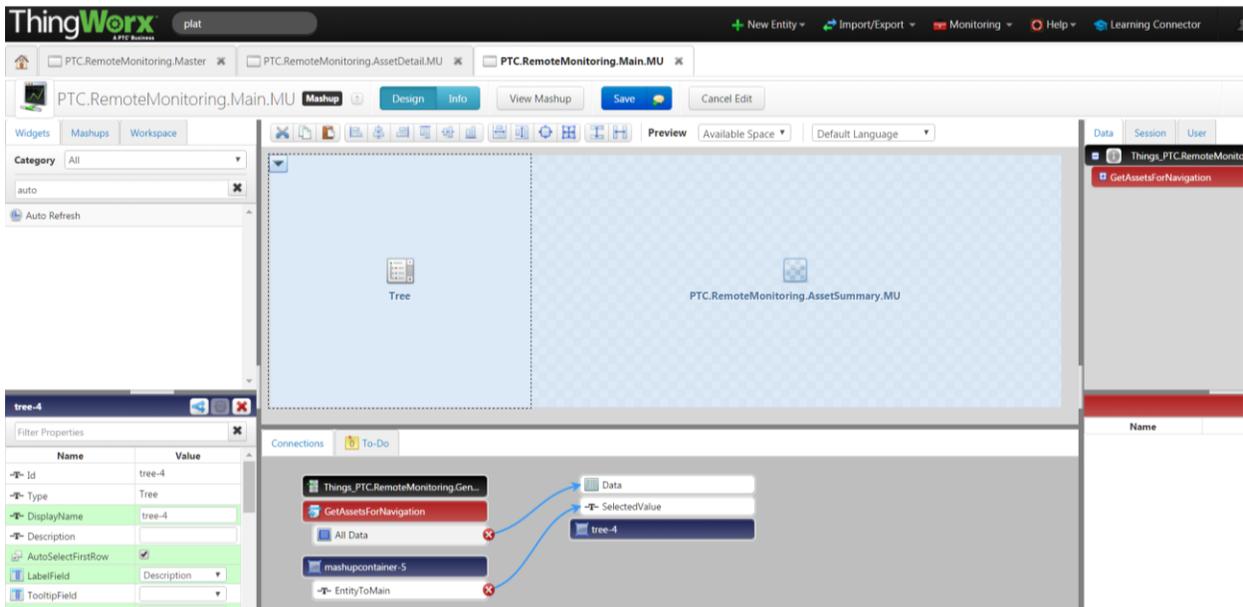


Combining Dynamic Contained Mashups and Mashup Parameters

One very powerful technique that combines Contained dynamic mashups and the ability to pass Mashup Parameters is also used.

A tutorial entry can be found [here](#) on the Thingworx Community.

Here is a place where it is used in PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Main.MU:



Application Dashboard Design Walkthrough

Dashboards were added to the Asset Detail to provide the User to add specific Properties to monitor on their Assets. Dashboards allow a User not only to re-arrange the elements they've chose, but indeed allow users to pick and remove visualizations.

A very dynamic setup was created to allow Users to pick a variety of Visualizations based upon BaseType and tie them to any Property Value of choice.

Once a Gadget (visualization) is added it will use a Session Parameter to dynamically set the Asset context, but it will be locked into the Property context.

Dashboard

Dashboards are actually widgets and so the bottom section of PTC.RemoteMonitoring.AssetDetail.MU has been dedicated to the Dashboard Widget.

A parameter is passed in from the Asset Property to set the Default selected Dashboard.

A Gadget Library must be defined to allow the Addition of Gadgets.

Gadget Library

One of the biggest challenges with Gadgets is that they have to be pre-defined. So a User is limited to use the visualizations you provide. Gadgets are easily added though.

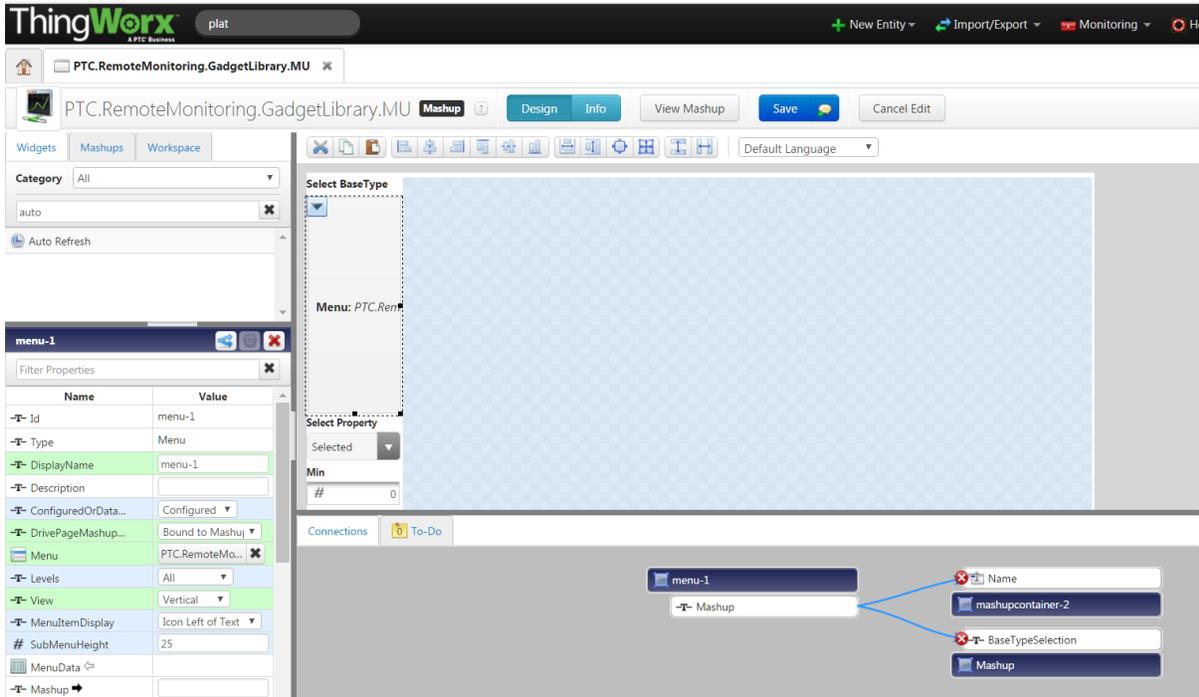
PTC.RemoteMonitoring.GadgetLibrary.MU is the Gadget Library Mashup.

Remember that your Gadget library is a full fledge mashup and all common techniques apply.

Menu to drive Gadget grouping (vs mashups)

The Menu is hardcoded for the base types, but the menu widget is used in Data Driven mode to drive a value in the Contained Mashup. Mashups were named slightly differently to be easily distinguished and do not follow Best Practice naming convention.

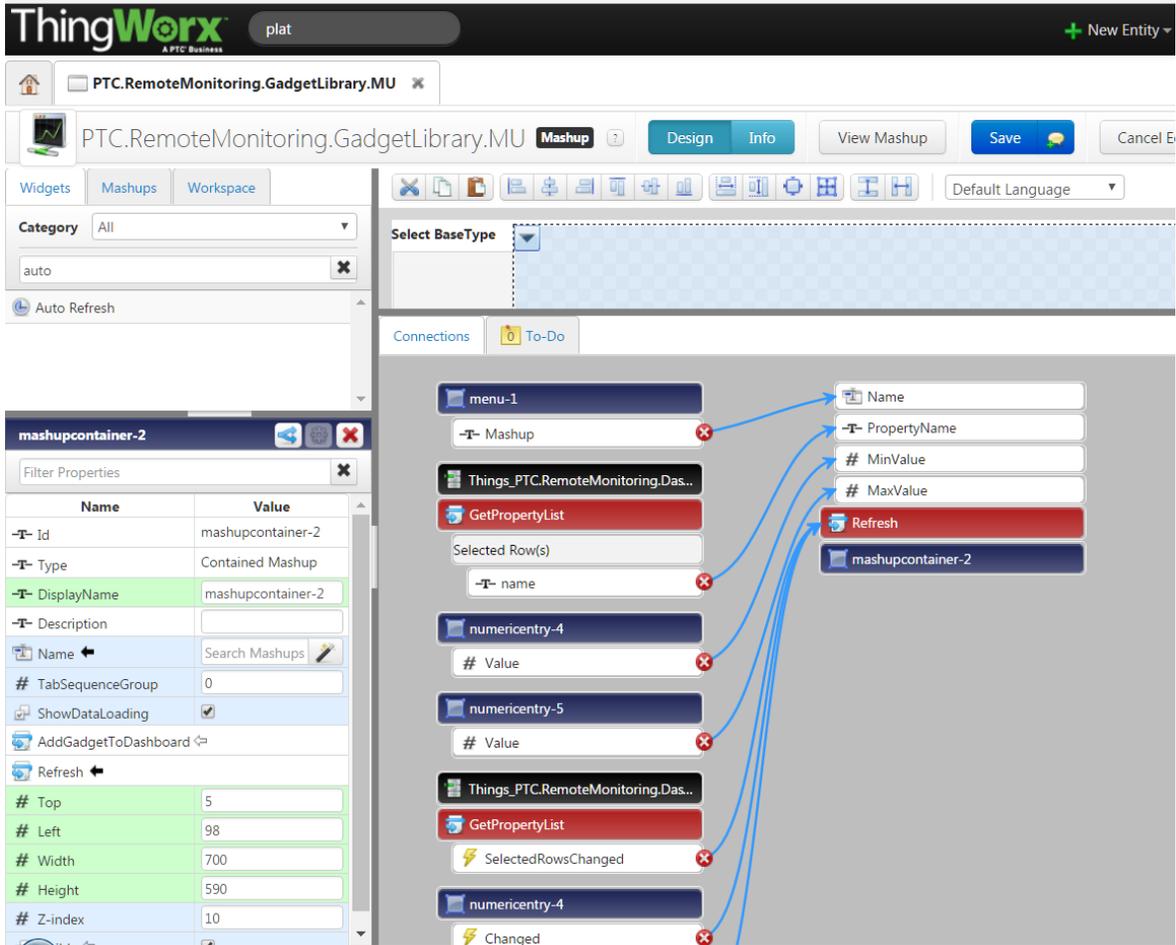
The BaseType also drives into a Service that retrieves the appropriate Properties



Mashup parameters and Refresh Request to Drive Gadget content

Mashup parameters are used to drive the Gadget content as well as Events driving the Refresh request.

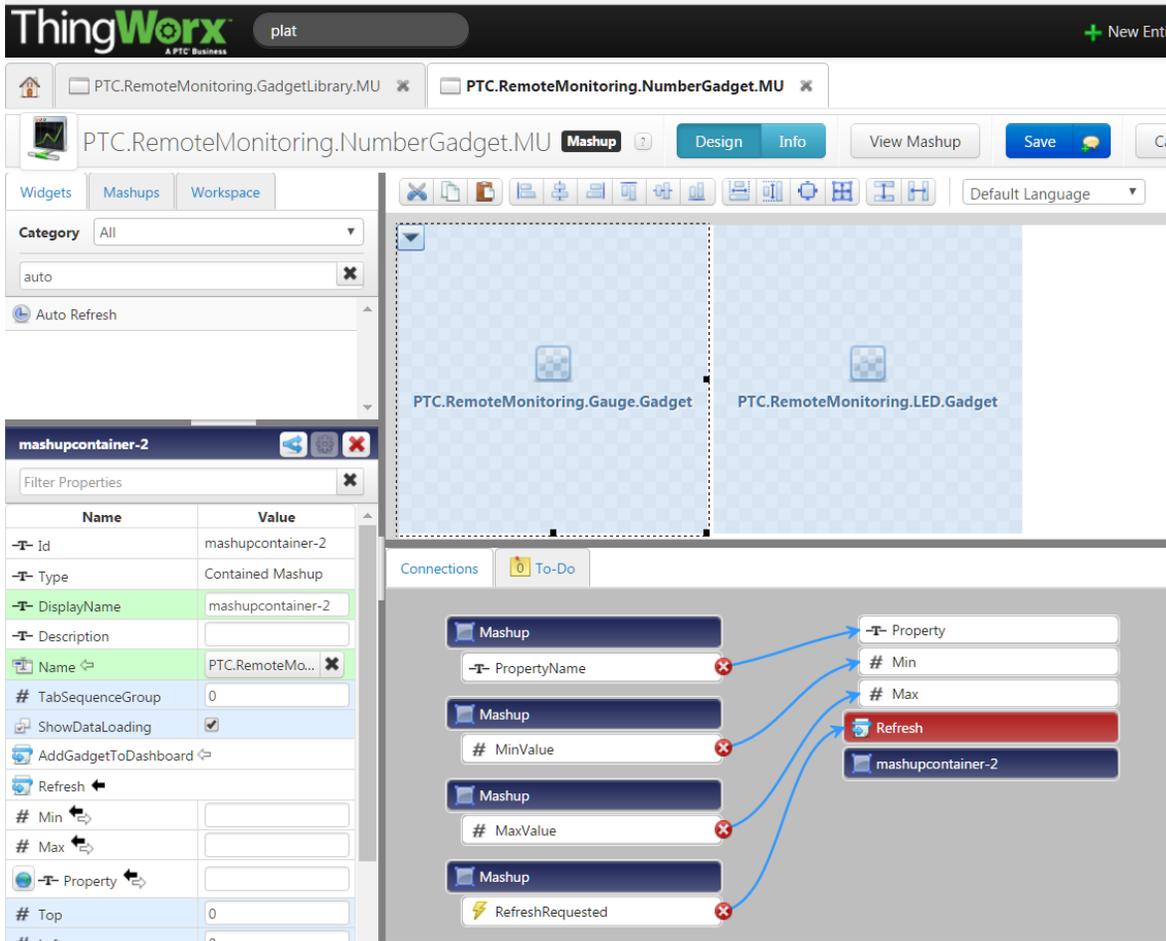
Note: A Validation Widget makes two Numeric Entries Visible to provide a Min and Max value for Numeric Gadgets. You can bind additional Unused Mashup parameters (Used in the Numeric Gadget Mashup but not in the Text Gadget Mashup) and this will not break the Mashup.



Multiple Gadgets in a Contained Mashup in a Contained Mashup

Gadgets can be added from any level of a Mashup. In this case the Gadgets are ‘two levels’ deep in a Contained Mashup on the Gadget Library Mashup. That also means Parameters are passed from Parent mashup into Child mashup into GrandChild mashup, into a Gadget.

See: PTC.RemoteMonitoring.NumberGadget.MU as an example.



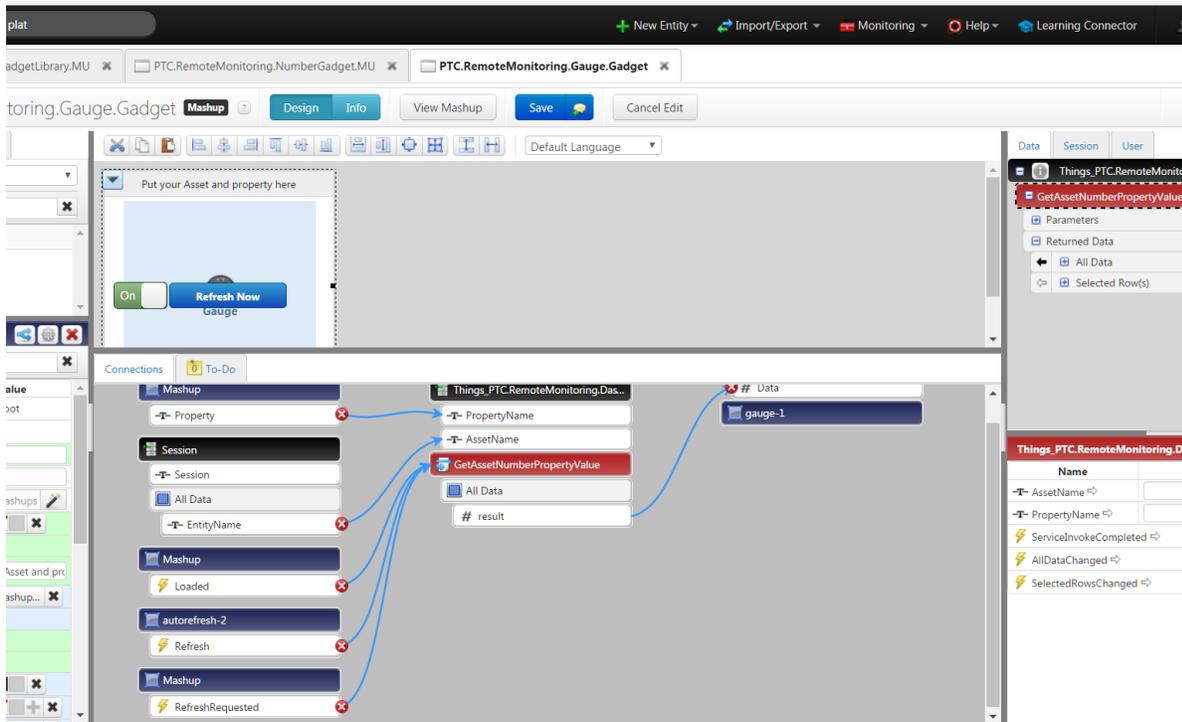
Gadgets

All the Gadgets work the same, a Service that takes an input from the Session which is the Asset and then through Mashup Parameters the Property Name and for Numbers the Min and Max.

Additionally there is a Refresh request being passed in to show up to date values when viewing the gadget library before adding it to the Dashboard.

Each Gadget has an AutoRefresh widget to show updated values while displaying in the Dashboard.

See PTC.RemoteMonitoring.Gauge.Gadget as an example.



Visibility and Permissions for Dashboards

Dashboards require specific Visibility and Permissions settings. You can find those [here](#) in the documentation.